

HEARTLAND — BANK —

Disclosure Statement

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

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GENERAL INFORMATION

This Disclosure Statement has been issued by Heartland Bank Limited (the bank) and its subsidiaries (the banking group) for the six months ended 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (New Zealand Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended) (the Order). The financial statements of the bank for the six months ended 31 December 2016 form part of, and should be read in conjunction with, this Disclosure Statement.

Words and phrases defined by the Order have the same meanings when used in this Disclosure Statement.

The bank's address for service is Level 3, Heartland House, 35 Teed Street, Newmarket, Auckland.

GUARANTEE ARRANGEMENTS

As at the date this Disclosure Statement was signed, no material obligations of the bank were guaranteed.

DIRECTORS

As at the date this Disclosure Statement was signed, the Directors of the bank are:

Ellen F Comerford

Jeffrey K Greenslade

Edward J Harvey

Bruce R Irvine

Graham R Kennedy

Christopher R Mace

Geoffrey T Ricketts

Vanessa C M Stoddart

Gregory R Tomlinson

Nicola Greer retired from the Board effective 25 July 2016. Vanessa Stoddart was appointed to the Board effective 3 October 2016 and Ellen Comerford was appointed to the Board effective 1 January 2017.

AMENDMENTS TO CONDITIONS OF REGISTRATION

With effect from 1 October 2016, conditions 19, 20 and 21 were amended to impose conditions relating to residential mortgage lending nationwide to property investors and non-property investors. In addition, the definition of terms used in these clauses was amended to refer to the updated version of the "Framework for Restrictions on High-LVR Residential Lending" (BS 19) dated October 2016.

CONDITIONS OF REGISTRATION

These conditions apply on and after 1 October 2016.

The registration of Heartland Bank Limited (the bank) as a registered bank is subject to the following conditions:

1. That—

- (a) the Total capital ratio of the banking group is not less than 8%;
- (b) the Tier 1 capital ratio of the banking group is not less than 6%;
- (c) the Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio of the banking group is not less than 4.5%;
- (d) the Total capital of the banking group is not less than \$30 million;
- (e) the bank must not include the amount of an Additional Tier 1 capital instrument or Tier 2 capital instrument issued after 1 January 2013 in the calculation of its capital ratios unless it has received a notice of non-objection to the instrument from the Reserve Bank; and
- (f) the bank meets the requirements of Part 3 of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document "Application requirements for capital recognition or repayment and notification requirements in respect of capital" (BS16) dated November 2015 in respect of regulatory capital instruments.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, -

the Total capital ratio, the Tier 1 capital ratio, the Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio and Total capital must be calculated in accordance with the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document: "Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach)" (BS2A) dated November 2015.

an Additional Tier 1 capital instrument is an instrument that meets the requirements of subsection 8(2)(a) or (c) of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document "Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach)" (BS2A) dated November 2015.

a Tier 2 capital instrument is an instrument that meets the requirements of subsection 9(2)(a) or (c) of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document "Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach)" (BS2A) dated November 2015.

1A. That—

- (a) the bank has an internal capital adequacy assessment process (ICAAP) that accords with the requirements set out in the document "Guidelines on a bank's internal capital adequacy assessment process (ICAAP)" (BS12) dated December 2007;
- (b) under its ICAAP the bank identifies and measures its "other material risks" defined as all material risks of the banking group that are not explicitly captured in the calculation of the Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio, the Tier 1 capital ratio and the Total capital ratio under the requirements set out in the document "Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach)" (BS2A) dated November 2015; and
- (c) the bank determines an internal capital allocation for each identified and measured "other material risk".

1B. That, if the buffer ratio of the banking group is 2.5% or less, the bank must:

- (a) according to the following table, limit the aggregate distributions of the bank's earnings to the percentage limit to distributions that corresponds to the banking groups buffer ratio:

| Banking group's buffer ratio | Percentage limit to distributions of the banks' earnings |
|------------------------------|--|
| 0% - 0.625% | 0% |
| >0.625% - 1.25% | 20% |
| >1.25% - 1.875% | 40% |
| >1.875% - 2.5% | 60% |

- (b) prepare a capital plan to restore the banking group's buffer ratio to above 2.5% within any timeframe determined by the Reserve Bank for restoring the buffer ratio; and
- (c) have the capital plan approved by the Reserve Bank.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, -

"buffer ratio", "distributions", and "earnings" have the same meaning as in Part 3 of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document: "Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach)" (BS2A) dated November 2015.

2. That the banking group does not conduct any non-financial activities that in aggregate are material relative to its total activities.

In this condition of registration, the meaning of "material" is based on generally accepted accounting practice.

CONDITIONS OF REGISTRATION (CONTINUED)

3. That the banking group's insurance business is not greater than 1% of its total consolidated assets.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, the banking group's insurance business is the sum of the following amounts for entities in the banking group:

- (a) if the business of an entity predominantly consists of insurance business and the entity is not a subsidiary of another entity in the banking group whose business predominantly consists of insurance business, the amount of the insurance business to sum is the total consolidated assets of the group headed by the entity; and
- (b) if the entity conducts insurance business and its business does not predominantly consist of insurance business and the entity is not a subsidiary of another entity in the banking group whose business predominantly consists of insurance business, the amount of the insurance business to sum is the total liabilities relating to the entity's insurance business plus the equity retained by the entity to meet the solvency or financial soundness needs of its insurance business.

In determining the total amount of the banking group's insurance business—

- (a) all amounts must relate to on balance sheet items only, and must comply with generally accepted accounting practice; and
- (b) if products or assets of which an insurance business is comprised also contain a non-insurance component, the whole of such products or assets must be considered part of the insurance business.

For the purposes of this condition of registration,—

"insurance business" means the undertaking or assumption of liability as an insurer under a contract of insurance:

"insurer" and "contract of insurance" have the same meaning as provided in sections 6 and 7 of the Insurance (Prudential Supervision) Act 2010.

4. That aggregate credit exposures (of a non-capital nature and net of any allowances for impairment) of the banking group to all connected persons do not exceed the rating-contingent limit outlined in the following matrix:

| Credit rating of the bank ¹ | Connected exposure limit (% of the banking group's Tier 1 capital) |
|--|--|
| AA/Aa2 and above | 75 |
| AA-/Aa3 | 70 |
| A+/A1 | 60 |
| A/A2 | 40 |
| A-/A3 | 30 |
| BBB+/Baa1 and below | 15 |

Within the rating-contingent limit, credit exposures (of a non-capital nature and net of any allowances for impairment) to non-bank connected persons shall not exceed 15% of the banking group's Tier 1 capital.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, compliance with the rating-contingent connected exposure limit is determined in accordance with the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled "Connected exposures policy" (BS8) dated November 2015.

5. That exposures to connected persons are not on more favourable terms (e.g. as relates to such matters as credit assessment, tenor, interest rates, amortisation schedules and requirement for collateral) than corresponding exposures to non-connected persons.
6. That the bank complies with the following corporate governance requirements:
- (a) the board of the bank must have at least five directors;
 - (b) the majority of the board members must be non-executive directors;
 - (c) at least half of the board members must be independent directors;
 - (d) an alternate director,—
 - (i) for a non-executive director must be non-executive; and
 - (ii) for an independent director must be independent;
 - (e) at least half of the independent directors of the bank must be ordinarily resident in New Zealand;
 - (f) the chairperson of the board of the bank must be independent; and
 - (g) the bank's constitution must not include any provision permitting a director, when exercising powers or performing duties as a director, to act other than in what he or she believes is the best interests of the company (i.e. the bank).

¹ This table uses the rating scales of Standard & Poor's, Fitch Ratings and Moody's Investor Service (Fitch Ratings' scale is identical to Standard & Poor's).

CONDITIONS OF REGISTRATION (CONTINUED)

For the purposes of this condition of registration,—

"independent",—

- (a) in relation to a person other than a person to whom paragraph (b) applies, has the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled "Corporate Governance" (BS14) dated July 2014; and
- (b) in relation to a person who is the chairperson of the board of the bank, means a person who—
 - (i) meets the criteria for independence set out in section 10 except for those in paragraph 10(1)(a) in BS14; and
 - (ii) does not raise any grounds of concern in relation to the person's independence that are communicated in writing to the bank by the Reserve Bank of New Zealand:

"non-executive" has the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled "Corporate Governance" (BS14) dated July 2014.

- 7. That no appointment of any director, chief executive officer, or executive who reports or is accountable directly to the chief executive officer, is made in respect of the bank unless:
 - (a) the Reserve Bank has been supplied with a copy of the curriculum vitae of the proposed appointee; and
 - (b) the Reserve Bank has advised that it has no objection to that appointment.
- 8. That a person must not be appointed as chairperson of the board of the bank unless:
 - (a) the Reserve Bank has been supplied with a copy of the curriculum vitae of the proposed appointee; and
 - (b) the Reserve Bank has advised that it has no objection to that appointment.
- 9. That the bank has a board audit committee, or other separate board committee covering audit matters, that meets the following requirements:
 - (a) the mandate of the committee must include: ensuring the integrity of the bank's financial controls, reporting systems and internal audit standards;
 - (b) the committee must have at least three members;
 - (c) every member of the committee must be a non-executive director of the bank;
 - (d) the majority of the members of the committee must be independent; and
 - (e) the chairperson of the committee must be independent and must not be the chairperson of the bank.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, "independent" and "non-executive" have the same meanings as in condition of registration 6.

- 10. That a substantial proportion of the bank's business is conducted in and from New Zealand.
- 11. That the banking group complies with the following quantitative requirements for liquidity-risk management:
 - (a) the one-week mismatch ratio of the banking group is not less than zero percent at the end of each business day;
 - (b) the one-month mismatch ratio of the banking group is not less than zero percent at the end of each business day; and
 - (c) the one-year core funding ratio of the banking group is not less than 75 percent at the end of each business day.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, the ratios identified must be calculated in accordance with the Reserve Bank of New Zealand documents entitled "Liquidity Policy" (BS13) dated July 2014 and "Liquidity Policy Annex: Liquid Assets" (BS13A) dated December 2011.

CONDITIONS OF REGISTRATION (CONTINUED)

12. That the bank has an internal framework for liquidity risk management that is adequate in the bank's view for managing the bank's liquidity risk at a prudent level, and that, in particular:
- (a) is clearly documented and communicated to all those in the organisation with responsibility for managing liquidity and liquidity risk;
 - (b) identifies responsibility for approval, oversight and implementation of the framework and policies for liquidity risk management;
 - (c) identifies the principal methods that the bank will use for measuring, monitoring and controlling liquidity risk; and
 - (d) considers the material sources of stress that the bank might face, and prepares the bank to manage stress through a contingency funding plan.

13. That no more than 10% of total assets may be beneficially owned by a SPV.

For the purposes of this condition,—

"total assets" means all assets of the banking group plus any assets held by any SPV that are not included in the banking group's assets:

"SPV" means a person—

- (a) to whom any member of the banking group has sold, assigned, or otherwise transferred any asset;
- (b) who has granted, or may grant, a security interest in its assets for the benefit of any holder of any covered bond; and
- (c) who carries on no other business except for that necessary or incidental to guarantee the obligations of any member of the banking group under a covered bond:

"covered bond" means a debt security issued by any member of the banking group, for which repayment to holders is guaranteed by a SPV, and investors retain an unsecured claim on the issuer.

14. That—

- (a) no member of the banking group may give effect to a qualifying acquisition or business combination that meets the notification threshold, and does not meet the non-objection threshold, unless:
 - (i) the bank has notified the Reserve Bank in writing of the intended acquisition or business combination and at least 10 working days have passed; and
 - (ii) at the time of notifying the Reserve Bank of the intended acquisition or business combination, the bank provided the Reserve Bank with the information required under the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Banking Supervision Handbook document "Significant Acquisitions Policy" (BS15) dated December 2011; and
- (b) no member of the banking group may give effect to a qualifying acquisition or business combination that meets the non-objection threshold unless:
 - (i) the bank has notified the Reserve Bank in writing of the intended acquisition or business combination;
 - (ii) at the time of notifying the Reserve Bank of the intended acquisition or business combination, the bank provided the Reserve Bank with the information required under the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Banking Supervision Handbook document "Significant Acquisitions Policy" (BS15) dated December 2011; and
 - (iii) the Reserve Bank has given the bank a notice of non-objection to the significant acquisition or business combination.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, "qualifying acquisition or business combination", "notification threshold" and "non-objection threshold" have the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Banking Supervision Handbook document "Significant Acquisitions Policy" (BS15) dated December 2011.

15. That the bank is pre-positioned for Open Bank Resolution and in accordance with a direction from the Reserve Bank, the bank can—

- (a) close promptly at any time of the day and on any day of the week and that effective upon the appointment of the statutory manager—
 - (i) all liabilities are frozen in full; and
 - (ii) no further access by customers and counterparties to their accounts (deposits, liabilities or other obligations) is possible;
- (b) apply a *de minimis* to relevant customer liability accounts;
- (c) apply a partial freeze to the customer liability account balances;
- (d) reopen by no later than 9am the next business day following the appointment of a statutory manager and provide customers access to their unfrozen funds;
- (e) maintain a full freeze on liabilities not pre-positioned for Open Bank Resolution; and
- (f) reinstate customers' access to some or all of their residual frozen funds.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, "de minimis", "partial freeze", "customer liability account", and "frozen and unfrozen funds" have the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document "Open Bank Resolution (OBR) Pre-positioning Requirements Policy" (BS17) dated September 2013.

CONDITIONS OF REGISTRATION (CONTINUED)

16. That the bank has an Implementation Plan that—

- (a) is up-to-date; and
- (b) demonstrates that the bank's prepositioning for Open Bank Resolution meets the requirements set out in the Reserve Bank document: "Open Bank Resolution Pre-positioning Requirements Policy" (BS 17).

For the purposes of this condition of registration, "Implementation Plan" has the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document "Open Bank Resolution (OBR) Pre-positioning Requirements Policy" (BS17) dated September 2013.

17. That the bank has a compendium of liabilities that—

- (a) at the product-class level lists all liabilities, indicating which are—
 - (i) pre-positioned for Open Bank Resolution; and
 - (ii) not pre-positioned for Open Bank Resolution;
- (b) is agreed to by the Reserve Bank; and
- (c) if the Reserve Bank's agreement is conditional, meets the Reserve Bank's conditions.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, "compendium of liabilities", and "pre-positioned and non pre-positioned liabilities" have the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document "Open Bank Resolution (OBR) Pre-positioning Requirements Policy" (BS17) dated September 2013.

18. That on an annual basis the bank tests all the component parts of its Open Bank Resolution solution that demonstrates the bank's prepositioning for Open Bank Resolution as specified in the bank's Implementation Plan.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, "Implementation Plan" has the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document "Open Bank Resolution (OBR) Pre-positioning Requirements Policy" (BS17) dated September 2013.

19. That, for a loan-to-valuation measurement period, the total of the bank's qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of property-investment residential mortgage loans with a loan-to-valuation ratio of more than 60%, must not exceed 5% of the total of the qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of property-investment residential mortgage loans arising in the loan-to-valuation measurement period.

20. That, for a loan-to-valuation measurement period, the total of the bank's qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of non property-investment residential mortgage loans with a loan-to-valuation ratio of more than 80%, must not exceed 10% of the total of the qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of non property-investment residential mortgage loans arising in the loan-to-valuation measurement period.

21. That the bank must not make a residential mortgage loan unless the terms and conditions of the loan contract or the terms and conditions for an associated mortgage require that a borrower obtain the registered bank's agreement before the borrower can grant to another person a charge over the residential property used as security for the loan.

In these conditions of registration,—

"banking group"—

means Heartland Bank Limited (as reporting entity) and all other entities included in the group as defined in section 6(1) of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 for the purposes of Part 7 of that Act.

"generally accepted accounting practice" has the same meaning as in section 8 of the Financial Reporting Act 2013.

In conditions of registration 19 to 21,—

"loan-to-valuation ratio", "non property-investment residential mortgage loan", "property-investment residential mortgage loan", "qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of property-investment residential mortgage loans", "qualifying new mortgage lending amount in respect of non property-investment residential mortgage loans", and "residential mortgage loan" have the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled "Framework for Restrictions on High-LVR Residential Mortgage Lending" (BS19) dated October 2016:

"loan-to-valuation measurement period" means a period of six calendar months ending on the last day of the sixth calendar month, the first of which ends on the last day of March 2017.

AUDITOR

KPMG
KPMG Centre
18 Viaduct Harbour Avenue
Auckland

PENDING PROCEEDINGS OR ARBITRATION

There are no pending legal proceedings or arbitrations concerning any member of the banking group at the date of this Disclosure Statement that may have a material adverse effect on the bank or the banking group.

CREDIT RATINGS

As at the date of signing this Disclosure Statement, the bank's credit rating issued by Fitch Australia Pty Ltd (Fitch Ratings) was BBB stable. This BBB credit rating was issued on 10 October 2016 and is applicable to long term unsecured obligations payable in New Zealand, in New Zealand dollars.

OTHER MATERIAL MATTERS

There are no material matters relating to the business or affairs of the bank or the banking group that are not contained elsewhere in this Disclosure Statement which would, if disclosed in this Disclosure Statement, materially affect the decision of a person to subscribe for debt securities of which the bank or any member of the banking group is the issuer.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENTS

Each Director of the bank states that he or she believes, after due enquiry, that:

1. As at the date on which this Disclosure Statement is signed:
 - (a) the Disclosure Statement contains all the information that is required by the Order; and
 - (b) the Disclosure Statement is not false or misleading.

2. During the six months ended 31 December 2016:
 - (a) the bank complied with all Conditions of Registration;
 - (b) credit exposures to connected persons were not contrary to the interests of the banking group; and
 - (c) the bank had systems in place to monitor and control adequately material risks of the banking group, including credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, currency risk, equity risk, liquidity risk, operational risk and other business risks, and that those systems were being properly applied.

This Disclosure Statement is dated 21 February 2017 and has been signed by all of the Directors.



G. T. Ricketts (Chair - Board of Directors)



G. R. Kennedy



J. K. Greenslade



C. R. Mace



E. F. Comerford



V. C. M. Stoddart



E. J. Harvey



G. R. Tomlinson



B. R. Irvine

INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

| | NOTE | Unaudited 6 mths to Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited 6 mths to Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited 12 mths to Jun 2016 \$000 |
|---|------|---|---|--|
| Interest income | 2 | 135,789 | 134,340 | 265,475 |
| Interest expense | 2 | 56,828 | 62,869 | 118,815 |
| Net interest income | | 78,961 | 71,471 | 146,660 |
| Operating lease income | | 3,688 | 4,718 | 8,869 |
| Operating lease expenses | | 2,728 | 3,271 | 6,230 |
| Net operating lease income | | 960 | 1,447 | 2,639 |
| Lending and credit fee income | | 1,534 | 1,767 | 3,339 |
| Other income | | 1,567 | 3,076 | 4,923 |
| Net operating income | | 83,022 | 77,761 | 157,561 |
| Selling and administration expenses | 3 | 35,966 | 37,039 | 69,872 |
| Profit before impaired asset expense and income tax | | 47,056 | 40,722 | 87,689 |
| Impaired asset expense | 4 | 6,892 | 5,610 | 13,501 |
| Profit before income tax | | 40,164 | 35,112 | 74,188 |
| Income tax expense | | 11,072 | 9,514 | 20,024 |
| Profit for the period | | 29,092 | 25,598 | 54,164 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | |
| Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: | | | | |
| Effective portion of changes in fair value of cash flow hedges, net of income tax | | 1,290 | 14 | (708) |
| Movement in available for sale reserve, net of income tax | | (1,736) | (1,035) | (208) |
| Movement in foreign currency translation reserve, net of income tax | | (279) | (2,682) | (4,047) |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: | | | | |
| Movement in defined benefit reserve, net of income tax | | (84) | (31) | (93) |
| Other comprehensive (loss) / income for the period, net of income tax | | (809) | (3,734) | (5,056) |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | | 28,283 | 21,864 | 49,108 |
| Earnings per share from continuing operations | | | | |
| Basic earnings per share | 5 | 6c | 5c | 11c |
| Diluted earnings per share | 5 | 6c | 5c | 11c |

All comprehensive income for the period is attributable to owners of the bank.

The notes on pages 15 to 32 are an integral part of these interim financial statements.

INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

| | NOTE | Share Capital \$000 | Treasury Shares Reserve \$000 | Employee Benefits Reserve \$000 | Foreign Currency Translation Reserve \$000 | Available for Sale Reserve \$000 | Defined Benefit Reserve \$000 | Hedging Reserve \$000 | Retained Earnings \$000 | Total Equity \$000 |
|---|------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2016 | | 421,377 | (2,612) | 3,878 | (1,816) | 962 | 1 | (2,260) | 78,811 | 498,341 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | | | | | | | | | | |
| Profit for the period | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 29,092 | 29,092 |
| Total other comprehensive (loss) / income | | - | - | - | (279) | (1,736) | (84) | 1,290 | - | (809) |
| Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the period | | - | - | - | (279) | (1,736) | (84) | 1,290 | 29,092 | 28,283 |
| Contributions by and distributions to owners | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends paid | 8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (24,041) | (24,041) |
| Dividend reinvestment plan | 8 | 5,277 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5,277 |
| Issue of share capital | 8 | 20,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20,000 |
| Transaction costs associated with capital raising | | (411) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (411) |
| Share based payments | | - | - | 553 | - | - | - | - | - | 553 |
| Shares vested | | 1,801 | - | (1,801) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total transactions with owners | | 26,667 | - | (1,248) | - | - | - | - | (24,041) | 1,378 |
| Balance at 31 December 2016 | | 448,044 | (2,612) | 2,630 | (2,095) | (774) | (83) | (970) | 83,862 | 528,002 |
| Unaudited - Dec 2015 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2015 | | 413,917 | (272) | 2,200 | 2,231 | 1,170 | 94 | (1,552) | 62,337 | 480,125 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | | | | | | | | | | |
| Profit for the period | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 25,598 | 25,598 |
| Total other comprehensive (loss) / income | | - | - | - | (2,682) | (1,035) | (31) | 14 | - | (3,734) |
| Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the period | | - | - | - | (2,682) | (1,035) | (31) | 14 | 25,598 | 21,864 |
| Contributions by and distributions to owners | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends paid | 8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (21,435) | (21,435) |
| Dividend reinvestment plan | 8 | 4,119 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,119 |
| Share based payments | | - | - | 1,015 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,015 |
| Shares vested | | 105 | 50 | (155) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total transactions with owners | | 4,224 | 50 | 860 | - | - | - | - | (21,435) | (16,301) |
| Balance at 31 December 2015 | | 418,141 | (222) | 3,060 | (451) | 135 | 63 | (1,538) | 66,500 | 485,688 |
| Audited - Jun 2016 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2015 | | 413,917 | (272) | 2,200 | 2,231 | 1,170 | 94 | (1,552) | 62,337 | 480,125 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | | | | | | | | | | |
| Profit for the year | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 54,164 | 54,164 |
| Total other comprehensive (loss) | | - | - | - | (4,047) | (208) | (93) | (708) | - | (5,056) |
| Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year | | - | - | - | (4,047) | (208) | (93) | (708) | 54,164 | 49,108 |
| Contributions by and distributions to owners | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends paid | 8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (37,690) | (37,690) |
| Dividend reinvestment plan | 8 | 7,300 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7,300 |
| Share based payments | | - | - | 1,888 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,888 |
| Shares vested | | 160 | 50 | (210) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Treasury shares acquired | | - | (2,390) | - | - | - | - | - | - | (2,390) |
| Total transactions with owners | | 7,460 | (2,340) | 1,678 | - | - | - | - | (37,690) | (30,892) |
| Balance at 30 June 2016 | | 421,377 | (2,612) | 3,878 | (1,816) | 962 | 1 | (2,260) | 78,811 | 498,341 |

The notes on pages 15 to 32 are an integral part of these interim financial statements.

INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2016

| | NOTE | Unaudited Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited Jun 2016 \$000 |
|--|------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 69,655 | 31,879 | 84,154 |
| Investments | | 298,519 | 269,769 | 236,435 |
| Investment properties | | 6,827 | 12,439 | 8,384 |
| Finance receivables | 6 | 3,334,800 | 2,928,601 | 3,113,957 |
| Operating lease vehicles | | 21,232 | 26,645 | 24,557 |
| Other assets | | 16,196 | 15,536 | 14,871 |
| Intangible assets | | 65,584 | 54,314 | 57,755 |
| Deferred tax asset | | 7,334 | 5,315 | 7,068 |
| Total assets | | 3,820,147 | 3,344,498 | 3,547,181 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Borrowings | 7 | 3,247,021 | 2,814,338 | 2,999,987 |
| Current tax liabilities | | 5,986 | 1,095 | 6,754 |
| Trade and other payables | | 39,138 | 43,377 | 42,099 |
| Total liabilities | | 3,292,145 | 2,858,810 | 3,048,840 |
| Equity | | | | |
| Share capital | | 448,044 | 418,141 | 418,765 |
| Retained earnings and reserves | | 79,958 | 67,547 | 79,576 |
| Total equity | | 528,002 | 485,688 | 498,341 |
| Total equity and liabilities | | 3,820,147 | 3,344,498 | 3,547,181 |
| Total interest earning and discount bearing assets | | 3,691,629 | 3,229,307 | 3,427,117 |
| Total interest and discount bearing liabilities | | 3,241,811 | 2,838,082 | 3,005,853 |

The notes on pages 15 to 32 are an integral part of these interim financial statements.

INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

| | NOTE | Unaudited 6 mths to Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited 6 mths to Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited 12 mths to Jun 2016 \$000 |
|--|------|---|---|--|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | | |
| Interest received | | 128,484 | 130,935 | 251,814 |
| Operating lease income received | | 4,394 | 4,965 | 9,468 |
| Lending, credit fees and other income received | | 3,887 | 3,393 | 7,940 |
| Operating inflows | | 136,765 | 139,293 | 269,222 |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | | 37,432 | 44,871 | 79,661 |
| Interest paid | | 64,305 | 74,653 | 131,378 |
| Taxation paid | | 11,884 | 13,449 | 20,297 |
| Operating outflows | | 113,621 | 132,973 | 231,336 |
| Net cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities | | 23,144 | 6,320 | 37,886 |
| Proceeds from sale of operating lease vehicles | | 4,622 | 4,764 | 7,933 |
| Purchase of operating lease vehicles | | (3,421) | (3,892) | (8,187) |
| Net movement in finance receivables | | (219,505) | (67,676) | (251,734) |
| Net movement in deposits | | 229,878 | 77,521 | 186,120 |
| Net cash flows from / (applied to) operating activities | | 34,718 | 17,037 | (27,982) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | | |
| Net proceeds from sale of investment properties | | 1,580 | 12,089 | 16,492 |
| Proceeds from sale of office fit-out, equipment and intangible assets | | - | 762 | 784 |
| Net decrease in investments | | - | 67,088 | 98,480 |
| Total cash provided from investing activities | | 1,580 | 79,939 | 115,756 |
| Purchase of office fit-out, equipment and intangible assets | | 8,922 | 6,053 | 12,700 |
| Capital expenditure on investment properties | | - | - | 24 |
| Net increase in investments | | 59,349 | - | - |
| Purchase of equity investment | | 4,000 | 2,300 | 2,300 |
| Total cash applied to investing activities | | 72,271 | 8,353 | 15,024 |
| Net cash flows (applied to) / from investing activities | | (70,691) | 71,586 | 100,732 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | | |
| Net increase in wholesale funding | | 20,649 | - | 1,637 |
| Increase in share capital | 8 | 20,000 | - | - |
| Total cash provided from financing activities | | 40,649 | - | 1,637 |
| Dividends paid | 8 | 18,764 | 17,316 | 30,390 |
| Transaction costs associated with capital raising | | 411 | - | - |
| Net decrease in wholesale funding | | - | 79,585 | - |
| Total cash applied to financing activities | | 19,175 | 96,901 | 30,390 |
| Net cash flows from / (applied to) financing activities | | 21,474 | (96,901) | (28,753) |
| Net (decrease) / increase in cash held | | (14,499) | (8,278) | 43,997 |
| Opening cash and cash equivalents | | 84,154 | 37,012 | 37,012 |
| Cash impact of business acquisition (MARAC Insurance Limited) | | - | 3,145 | 3,145 |
| Closing cash and cash equivalents | | 69,655 | 31,879 | 84,154 |

The notes on pages 15 to 32 are an integral part of these interim financial statements.

INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS CONTINUED

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

Reconciliation of profit after tax to net cash flows from operating activities

| | Unaudited Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited Jun 2016 \$000 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Profit for the period | 29,092 | 25,598 | 54,164 |
| Add non-cash items included in net profit before taxation: | | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation expense | 1,001 | 1,029 | 2,153 |
| Depreciation on lease vehicles | 2,435 | 2,961 | 5,695 |
| Capitalised net interest income | (10,758) | (12,581) | (25,548) |
| Impaired asset expense | 6,892 | 5,610 | 13,501 |
| Total non-cash items | (430) | (2,981) | (4,199) |
| Add / (less) movements in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Finance receivables | (219,505) | (67,676) | (251,734) |
| Operating lease vehicles | 890 | 392 | (254) |
| Other assets | (2,994) | (5,531) | (2,446) |
| Disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangibles | - | - | (322) |
| Current tax | (768) | (6,784) | (1,125) |
| Derivative financial instruments revaluation | (1,746) | (1,422) | (1,338) |
| Deferred tax (benefit) / expense | (266) | 2,439 | 686 |
| Deposits | 229,878 | 77,521 | 186,120 |
| Other liabilities | 567 | (4,519) | (7,534) |
| Total movements in operating assets and liabilities | 6,056 | (5,580) | (77,947) |
| Net cash flows from operating activities | 34,718 | 17,037 | (27,982) |

The notes on pages 15 to 32 are an integral part of these interim financial statements.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

Basis of Reporting

Reporting entity

The interim financial statements presented are the consolidated financial statements comprising Heartland Bank Limited (the bank) and its subsidiaries (the banking group).

As at 31 December 2016, Heartland Bank Limited is a listed public company incorporated in New Zealand under the Companies Act 1993, a registered bank under the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Act 1989 and a FMC reporting entity for the purposes of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013.

Basis of preparation

The interim financial statements presented here are for the following periods:

- 6 month period ended 31 December 2016 - Unaudited
- 6 month period ended 31 December 2015 - Unaudited
- 12 month period ended 30 June 2016 - Audited

The interim financial statements of the banking group incorporated in this Disclosure Statement have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand (NZ GAAP), NZ IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and the NZX Main Board Listing Rules. They do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with Heartland Bank Limited's Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2016.

The interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with historical cost, unless stated otherwise. The accounting policies applied by the banking group in these consolidated interim financial statements are the same as those applied by the banking group in its consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Performance

1 Segmental analysis

Segment information is presented in respect of the banking group's operating segments which are those used for the banking group's management and internal reporting structure.

All income received is from external sources, except those transactions with related parties. Certain selling and administration expenses, such as premises, IT and support centre costs are not allocated to operating segments and are included in Administration and Support (Admin & Support).

Operating segments

The banking group operates predominantly within New Zealand and comprises the following main operating segments:

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Household | Providing both a comprehensive range of financial services to New Zealand families – including term, transactional and savings based deposit accounts together with mortgage lending (residential and reverse mortgage), motor vehicle finance and consumer finance – as well as reverse mortgage lending financial services to Australian families. |
| Business | Providing term debt, plant and equipment finance, commercial mortgage lending and working capital solutions for small-to-medium sized New Zealand businesses. |
| Rural | Providing specialist financial services to the farming sector primarily offering livestock finance, rural mortgage lending, seasonal and working capital financing, as well as leasing solutions to farmers. |

The banking group's operating segments are different from the industry categories detailed in Note 13 - Asset quality. The operating segments are primarily categorised by sales channel, whereas Note 13 - Asset quality is based on credit risk concentrations.

Comparative information has been restated to be consistent with the current reporting period.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

1 Segmental analysis (continued)

Operating segments (continued)

| | Households | Business | Rural | Admin & Support | Total |
|---|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 |
| Unaudited - 6 months ended 31 December 2016 | | | | | |
| Net interest income | 42,631 | 22,394 | 13,763 | 173 | 78,961 |
| Net other income | 2,857 | 664 | 96 | 444 | 4,061 |
| Net operating income | 45,488 | 23,058 | 13,859 | 617 | 83,022 |
| Selling and administration expenses | 8,824 | 4,119 | 2,120 | 20,903 | 35,966 |
| Profit / (loss) before impaired asset expense and income tax | 36,664 | 18,939 | 11,739 | (20,286) | 47,056 |
| Impaired asset expense | 4,960 | 1,557 | 375 | - | 6,892 |
| Profit / (loss) before income tax | 31,704 | 17,382 | 11,364 | (20,286) | 40,164 |
| Income tax expense | - | - | - | 11,072 | 11,072 |
| Profit / (loss) for the period | 31,704 | 17,382 | 11,364 | (31,358) | 29,092 |
| Total assets | 1,789,958 | 954,290 | 618,611 | 457,288 | 3,820,147 |
| Total liabilities | - | - | - | 3,292,145 | 3,292,145 |
| Unaudited - 6 months ended 31 December 2015 | | | | | |
| Net interest income / (expense) | 38,411 | 20,097 | 12,965 | (2) | 71,471 |
| Net other income | 4,236 | 1,072 | 64 | 918 | 6,290 |
| Net operating income | 42,647 | 21,169 | 13,029 | 916 | 77,761 |
| Selling and administration expenses | 10,811 | 5,000 | 2,235 | 18,993 | 37,039 |
| Profit / (loss) before impaired asset expense and income tax | 31,836 | 16,169 | 10,794 | (18,077) | 40,722 |
| Impaired asset expense | 2,792 | 2,444 | 374 | - | 5,610 |
| Profit / (loss) before income tax | 29,044 | 13,725 | 10,420 | (18,077) | 35,112 |
| Income tax expense | - | - | - | 9,514 | 9,514 |
| Profit / (loss) for the period | 29,044 | 13,725 | 10,420 | (27,591) | 25,598 |
| Total assets | 1,623,154 | 839,917 | 504,614 | 376,813 | 3,344,498 |
| Total liabilities | - | - | - | 2,858,810 | 2,858,810 |
| Audited - 12 months ended 30 June 2016 | | | | | |
| Net interest income | 79,320 | 41,061 | 26,111 | 168 | 146,660 |
| Net other income | 6,752 | 1,921 | 152 | 2,076 | 10,901 |
| Net operating income | 86,072 | 42,982 | 26,263 | 2,244 | 157,561 |
| Selling and administration expenses | 17,995 | 9,015 | 4,351 | 38,511 | 69,872 |
| Profit / (loss) before impaired asset expense and income tax | 68,077 | 33,967 | 21,912 | (36,267) | 87,689 |
| Impaired asset expense | 7,161 | 3,381 | 2,959 | - | 13,501 |
| Profit / (loss) before income tax | 60,916 | 30,586 | 18,953 | (36,267) | 74,188 |
| Income tax expense | - | - | - | 20,024 | 20,024 |
| Profit / (loss) for the period | 60,916 | 30,586 | 18,953 | (56,291) | 54,164 |
| Total assets | 1,687,232 | 907,205 | 552,461 | 400,283 | 3,547,181 |
| Total liabilities | - | - | - | 3,048,840 | 3,048,840 |

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

2 Net interest income

| | Unaudited 6 mths to Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited 6 mths to Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited 12 mths to Jun 2016 \$000 |
|--|---|---|--|
| Interest income | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 333 | 472 | 771 |
| Investments | 4,242 | 6,030 | 10,203 |
| Finance receivables | 131,214 | 127,838 | 254,501 |
| Total interest income | 135,789 | 134,340 | 265,475 |
| Interest expense | | | |
| Retail deposits | 42,442 | 45,298 | 85,955 |
| Bank and securitised borrowings | 13,310 | 16,904 | 31,232 |
| Net interest expense on derivative financial instruments | 1,076 | 667 | 1,628 |
| Total interest expense | 56,828 | 62,869 | 118,815 |
| Net interest income | 78,961 | 71,471 | 146,660 |

3 Selling and administration expenses

| | Unaudited 6 mths to Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited 6 mths to Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited 12 mths to Jun 2016 \$000 |
|---|---|---|--|
| Personnel expenses | 20,167 | 20,333 | 39,051 |
| Directors' fees | 313 | 459 | 743 |
| Superannuation | 310 | 354 | 748 |
| Audit and review of financial statements ¹ | 218 | 218 | 436 |
| Other assurance fees paid to auditor ² | 28 | 15 | 43 |
| Other fees paid to auditor ³ | 102 | 61 | 107 |
| Depreciation - property, plant and equipment | 697 | 429 | 1,081 |
| Amortisation - intangible assets | 304 | 600 | 1,072 |
| Operating lease expense as a lessee | 1,049 | 1,163 | 2,281 |
| Legal and professional fees | 1,065 | 1,517 | 2,352 |
| Other operating expenses | 11,713 | 11,890 | 21,958 |
| Total selling and administration expenses | 35,966 | 37,039 | 69,872 |

4 Impaired asset expense

| | NOTE | Unaudited 6 mths to Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited 6 mths to Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited 12 mths to Jun 2016 \$000 |
|---|-------|---|---|--|
| Non-securitised | | | | |
| Individually impaired expense | | 1,197 | 740 | 1,072 |
| Collectively impaired expense | | 4,818 | 4,345 | 11,186 |
| Total non-securitised impaired asset expense | | 6,015 | 5,085 | 12,258 |
| Securitised | | | | |
| Individually impaired (benefit) | | - | (9) | (9) |
| Collectively impaired expense | | 877 | 534 | 1,252 |
| Total securitised impaired asset expense | | 877 | 525 | 1,243 |
| Total | | | | |
| Individually impaired expense | 13(d) | 1,197 | 731 | 1,063 |
| Collectively impaired expense | 13(d) | 5,695 | 4,879 | 12,438 |
| Total impaired asset expense | | 6,892 | 5,610 | 13,501 |

¹ Audit and review of financial statements includes fees paid for both the audit of annual financial statements and the review of interim financial statements.

² Other assurance services paid to the auditor comprise review of regulatory returns, trust deed reporting, and other agreed upon procedure engagements.

³ Other fees paid to the auditor include professional fees in connection with regulatory advisory services, project quality assurance, accounting advice and an internal audit quality assurance review.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

5 Earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings of 6c per share for the 6 months to 31 December 2016 (6 months to 31 December 2015: 5c per share; 12 months to 30 June 2016: 11c per share) is based on the profit for the period of \$29,092,000 (31 December 2015: \$25,598,000; 30 June 2016: \$54,164,000), and a weighted average number of shares on issue of 482,334,081 (31 December 2015: 471,710,670; 30 June 2016: 473,359,905).

The calculation of diluted earnings of 6c per share for the 6 months to 31 December 2016 (6 months to 31 December 2015: 5c per share; 12 months to 30 June 2016: 11c per share) is based on the profit for the period of \$29,092,000 (31 December 2015: \$25,598,000; 30 June 2016: \$54,164,000), and a weighted average number of shares on issue (including the shares allotted under the 2015 tranche of the LTI net share settled plan) of 485,367,780 (31 December 2015: 482,379,863; 30 June 2016: 481,160,055).

Financial Position

6 Finance receivables

| | NOTE | Unaudited Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited Jun 2016 \$000 |
|---|-------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Non-securitised | | | | |
| Neither at least 90 days past due nor impaired | | 2,987,781 | 2,625,684 | 2,785,927 |
| At least 90 days past due | | 32,405 | 19,588 | 20,070 |
| Individually impaired | | 15,921 | 27,167 | 33,751 |
| Restructured assets | | 3,654 | 3,235 | 3,281 |
| Gross finance receivables | | 3,039,761 | 2,675,674 | 2,843,029 |
| Less provision for impairment | | 21,535 | 15,807 | 19,936 |
| Less fair value adjustment for present value of future losses | | 4,404 | 5,599 | 4,987 |
| Total non-securitised finance receivables | | 3,013,822 | 2,654,268 | 2,818,106 |
| Securitised | | | | |
| Neither at least 90 days past due nor impaired | | 318,373 | 273,770 | 295,166 |
| At least 90 days past due | | 3,786 | 1,619 | 1,897 |
| Individually impaired | | 14 | 12 | 13 |
| Gross finance receivables | | 322,173 | 275,401 | 297,076 |
| Less provision for impairment | | 1,195 | 1,068 | 1,225 |
| Total securitised finance receivables | | 320,978 | 274,333 | 295,851 |
| Total | | | | |
| Neither at least 90 days past due nor impaired | | 3,306,154 | 2,899,454 | 3,081,093 |
| At least 90 days past due | | 36,191 | 21,207 | 21,967 |
| Individually impaired | | 15,935 | 27,179 | 33,764 |
| Restructured assets | | 3,654 | 3,235 | 3,281 |
| Gross finance receivables | | 3,361,934 | 2,951,075 | 3,140,105 |
| Less provision for impairment | 13(d) | 22,730 | 16,875 | 21,161 |
| Less fair value adjustment for present value of future losses | | 4,404 | 5,599 | 4,987 |
| Total finance receivables | | 3,334,800 | 2,928,601 | 3,113,957 |

Refer to Note 13 - Asset quality for further analysis of finance receivables by credit risk concentration.

7 Borrowings

| | Unaudited 6 mths to Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited 6 mths to Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited 12 mths to Jun 2016 \$000 |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| Deposits | 2,512,629 | 2,174,533 | 2,282,876 |
| Subordinated Bonds | 3,379 | 3,381 | 3,378 |
| Bank borrowings | 454,317 | 377,605 | 429,304 |
| Borrowings - securitised | 276,696 | 258,819 | 284,429 |
| Total borrowings | 3,247,021 | 2,814,338 | 2,999,987 |

Deposits rank equally and are unsecured. The Subordinated Bonds rank below all other general liabilities of the banking group.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

7 Borrowings (continued)

Securitised borrowings held by investors in Heartland ABCP Trust 1 (ABCP Trust) rank equally with each other and are secured over the securitised assets of that trust. The banking group has securitised bank facilities of \$350 million (December 2015: \$350 million; June 2016: \$350 million) in relation to the ABCP Trust, which matures on 3 August 2017.

The banking group has an Australian bank facility provided by Commonwealth Bank of Australia (CBA bank facility) totalling \$415 million (December 15: \$373 million; June 2016: \$379 million). The CBA bank facility is secured over the shares in Australian Seniors Finance Pty Limited (ASF) and the assets of the ASF group (comprising ASF, the ASF Settlement Trust and the Seniors Warehouse Trust). The CBA bank facility has a maturity date of 30 September 2019. The banking agreements include covenants for the provision of information, attainment of minimum financial ratios and equity, compliance with specified procedures and certification of due performance by the ASF Group.

8 Share capital and dividends

| | Unaudited Dec 2016 000 | Unaudited Dec 2015 000 | Audited Jun 2016 000 |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Issued shares | | | |
| Opening balance | 476,469 | 469,890 | 469,890 |
| Shares issued during the period | 19,123 | 46 | 213 |
| Dividend reinvestment plan | 3,573 | 3,711 | 6,366 |
| Closing balance | 499,165 | 473,647 | 476,469 |

On 15 December 2016, the bank issued 13,698,630 fully paid new ordinary shares at \$1.46 per share. Other shares issued during the period relate to staff share schemes.

Under dividend reinvestment plans, the banking group issued 3,573,104 new shares at \$1.477 per share on 7 October 2016 (December 2015: 3,711,076 new shares at \$1.110 per share on 2 October 2015; June 2016: 3,711,076 new shares at \$1.110 per share on 2 October 2015 and 2,655,142 new shares at \$1.198 per share on 5 April 2016).

(i) Dividends

On 7 October 2016 the banking group paid total dividends of \$24.04 million (5 cents per share) (31 December 2015: \$21.44 million (4.5 cents per share); 30 June 2016: \$37.69 million (8 cents per share)).

9 Related party transactions and balances

Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel, being directors of the bank and those executive staff reporting directly to the Chief Executive Officer and their immediate relatives, have transacted with the banking group during the period as follows:

| | Unaudited Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited Jun 2016 \$000 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Transactions with key management personnel | | | |
| Interest income | 3 | 51 | 104 |
| Interest expense | (382) | (265) | (460) |
| Total transactions with key management personnel | (379) | (214) | (356) |
| Due from / (to) key management personnel | | | |
| Finance receivables | 79 | 1,446 | 1,428 |
| Borrowings - deposits | (22,928) | (21,833) | (26,526) |
| Total due (to) key management personnel | (22,849) | (20,387) | (25,098) |

10 Fair value

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities that are traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices or dealer price quotations. For all other financial instruments, the banking group determines fair value using valuation techniques.

The banking group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy, which reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The banking group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

10 Fair value (continued)

(a) Financial instruments measured at fair value

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial asset and liability measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the Interim Statement of Financial Position.

Investments

Investments in public sector securities and corporate bonds are classified as being available for sale and are stated at fair value, with the fair value being based on quoted market prices (Level 1 under the fair value hierarchy) or modelled using observable market inputs (Level 2 under the fair value hierarchy).

Investments valued under Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued either based on quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments, or discounted cash flows analysis.

Investments in unlisted equity securities are classified as being fair valued through profit or loss and are valued under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, with the fair value being based on unobservable inputs.

Finance receivables

Fixed rate reverse mortgage loans classified as finance receivables are stated at fair value with the fair value being based on present value of future cash flows discounted using observable market interest rates (Level 2 under the fair value hierarchy).

Derivative items

Interest rate swaps are classified as held for trading and are recognised in the interim financial statements at fair value. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Fair values are determined on the basis of discounted cash flow analysis using observable market prices and adjustments for counterparty credit spreads (Level 2 under the fair value hierarchy).

The following table analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which each fair value measurement is categorised. The amounts are based on the values recognised in the Interim Statement of Financial Position.

| | Level 1 \$000 | Level 2 \$000 | Level 3 \$000 | Total \$000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | | | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Investments | 287,228 | - | 11,291 | 298,519 |
| Finance receivables | - | 17,733 | - | 17,733 |
| Derivative assets held for risk management | - | 178 | - | 178 |
| Total | 287,228 | 17,911 | 11,291 | 316,430 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Derivative liabilities held for risk management | - | 2,860 | - | 2,860 |
| Total | - | 2,860 | - | 2,860 |
| Unaudited - Dec 2015 | | | | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Investments | 251,489 | 10,989 | 7,291 | 269,769 |
| Finance receivables | - | 22,477 | - | 22,477 |
| Derivative assets held for risk management | - | 365 | - | 365 |
| Total | 251,489 | 33,831 | 7,291 | 292,611 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Derivative liabilities held for risk management | - | 5,277 | - | 5,277 |
| Total | - | 5,277 | - | 5,277 |

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

10 Fair value (continued)

(a) Financial instruments measured at fair value (continued)

| | Level 1 \$000 | Level 2 \$000 | Level 3 \$000 | Total \$000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Audited - Jun 2016 | | | | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Investments | 229,144 | - | 7,291 | 236,435 |
| Finance receivables | - | 21,884 | - | 21,884 |
| Derivative assets held for risk management | - | 148 | - | 148 |
| Total | 229,144 | 22,032 | 7,291 | 258,467 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Derivative liabilities held for risk management | - | 5,866 | - | 5,866 |
| Total | - | 5,866 | - | 5,866 |

(b) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The following table sets out the fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value and analyses these by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which each fair value measurement is categorised.

| | Unaudited Total Fair Value Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited Total Carrying Value Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited Total Fair Value Dec 2015 \$000 | Unaudited Total Carrying Value Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited Total Fair Value Jun 2016 \$000 | Audited Total Carrying Value Jun 2016 \$000 |
|------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 69,655 | 69,655 | 31,879 | 31,879 | 84,154 | 84,154 |
| Finance receivables | 2,986,751 | 2,996,089 | 2,631,115 | 2,631,791 | 2,792,936 | 2,796,222 |
| Finance receivables - securitised | 321,398 | 320,978 | 276,092 | 274,333 | 297,371 | 295,851 |
| Other financial assets | 5,030 | 5,030 | 6,433 | 6,433 | 5,452 | 5,452 |
| Total financial assets | 3,382,834 | 3,391,752 | 2,945,519 | 2,944,436 | 3,179,913 | 3,181,679 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 2,974,043 | 2,970,325 | 2,566,302 | 2,555,519 | 2,727,417 | 2,715,558 |
| Borrowings - securitised | 276,696 | 276,696 | 258,819 | 258,819 | 284,429 | 284,429 |
| Other financial liabilities | 22,604 | 22,604 | 18,467 | 18,467 | 21,995 | 21,995 |
| Total financial liabilities | 3,273,343 | 3,269,625 | 2,843,588 | 2,832,805 | 3,033,841 | 3,021,982 |

Further information on valuation techniques and assumptions used for determining fair value is included in Note 16 of the bank's Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Risk Management

11 Risk management policies

There have been no material changes in the banking group's policies for managing risk, or material exposures to any new types of risk since the reporting date of the previous disclosure statement, refer to the bank's Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2016.

12 Credit risk exposure

Credit risk is the risk that a borrower will default on any type of debt by failing to make payments when it is obligated to do so. The risk is primarily that of the lender and includes loss of principal and interest, disruption to cash flows and increased collection costs.

Credit risk is managed to achieve sustainable and superior risk-reward performance whilst maintaining exposures within acceptable risk "appetite" parameters. This is achieved through the combination of governance, policies, systems and controls, underpinned by sound commercial judgement as described below.

To manage this risk the Board Risk Committee (BRC) has been delegated the task of overseeing a formal credit risk management strategy. The BRC reviews the banking group's credit risk exposures to ensure consistency with the banking group's credit policies to manage all aspects of credit risk.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

12 Credit risk exposure (continued)

- The credit risk management strategies ensure that:
- Credit origination meets agreed levels of credit quality at point of approval.
 - Sector and geographical risks are actively managed.
 - Industry concentrations are actively monitored.
 - Maximum total exposure to any one debtor is actively managed.
 - Changes to credit risk are actively monitored with regular credit reviews.

(a) Maximum exposure to credit risk

The following table represents the maximum credit risk exposure, without taking account of any collateral held. The exposures set out below are based on net carrying amounts as reported in the Interim Statement of Financial Position.

| | Unaudited Dec 2016 \$000 |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 69,655 |
| Investments | 287,228 |
| Finance receivables | 3,334,800 |
| Derivative financial assets | 178 |
| Other financial assets | 5,030 |
| Total on balance sheet credit exposures | 3,696,891 |

(b) Concentration of credit risk by geographic region

| | |
|---|------------------|
| New Zealand: | |
| Auckland | 838,352 |
| Wellington | 285,164 |
| Rest of North Island | 822,142 |
| Canterbury | 505,254 |
| Rest of South Island | 653,353 |
| Australia: | |
| Queensland | 92,361 |
| New South Wales | 211,240 |
| Victoria | 134,751 |
| Western Australia | 32,953 |
| South Australia | 11,896 |
| Rest of Australia | 7,816 |
| Rest of the world ¹ | 123,508 |
| | 3,718,790 |
| Collective provision | (17,495) |
| Less acquisition fair value adjustment for present value of future losses | (4,404) |
| Total on balance sheet credit exposures | 3,696,891 |

(c) Concentration of credit risk by industry sector

| | |
|---|------------------|
| Agriculture | 712,072 |
| Forestry and Fishing | 65,980 |
| Mining | 17,652 |
| Manufacturing | 47,305 |
| Finance & Insurance | 382,790 |
| Wholesale Trade | 38,182 |
| Retail Trade | 282,155 |
| Households | 1,598,955 |
| Property and Business Services | 396,383 |
| Transport and Storage | 33,822 |
| Other | 143,494 |
| | 3,718,790 |
| Collective provision | (17,495) |
| Less acquisition fair value adjustment for present value of future losses | (4,404) |
| Total on balance sheet credit exposures | 3,696,891 |

¹ These overseas assets are not Finance Receivables. They are Investments representing NZD-denominated investments in AA+ and higher rated securities issued by offshore supranational agencies ("Kauri Bonds").

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

12 Credit risk exposure (continued)

(d) Credit exposure to individual counterparties

At 31 December 2016 the banking group did not have any period end or peak end-of-day credit exposures over 10% of equity to individual counterparties (not being members of groups of closely related counterparties) or groups of closely related counterparties (excluding central government of any country with a long-term credit rating of A- or A3 or above, or its equivalent, or any bank with a long-term credit rating of A- or A3 or above, or its equivalent, and connected persons) (December 2015: nil; June 2016: nil).

The peak aggregate end-of-day credit exposure is determined by taking the maximum end-of-day aggregate amount of credit exposure over the period divided by the banking group's equity as at the end of the period. Credit exposures disclosed are based on actual exposures. The credit rating is applicable to an entity's long term senior unsecured obligations payable in New Zealand, in New Zealand dollars.

13 Asset quality

The disclosures below are categorised by the following credit risk concentrations:

Corporate

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Rural | Lending to the farming sector primarily livestock, rural mortgage lending, seasonal and working capital financing, as well as leasing solutions to farmers. Includes lending to individuals and small to medium enterprises. |
| Other | All other lending that does not fall into another category. |
| Residential | Lending secured by a first ranking mortgage over a residential property used primarily for residential purposes either by the mortgagor or a tenant of the mortgagor. |
| All Other | Consumer lending to individuals. |

(a) Finance receivables by credit risk concentration

| | Corporate | | Residential | All Other | Total |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| | Rural | Other | | | |
| | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 |
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | | | | |
| Neither at least 90 days past due nor impaired | 761,155 | 958,254 | 901,157 | 685,588 | 3,306,154 |
| At least 90 days past due | 14,211 | 12,413 | - | 9,567 | 36,191 |
| Individually impaired | 979 | 14,956 | - | - | 15,935 |
| Restructured assets | 51 | 836 | - | 2,767 | 3,654 |
| Fair value adjustment for present value of future losses | - | - | (4,404) | - | (4,404) |
| Provision for impairment | (4,714) | (10,650) | (3,613) | (3,753) | (22,730) |
| Total net finance receivables | 771,682 | 975,809 | 893,140 | 694,169 | 3,334,800 |

(b) Past due but not impaired

| | | | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | | | | |
| Less than 30 days past due | 13,143 | 14,347 | 554 | 18,113 | 46,157 |
| At least 30 days but less than 60 days past due | 5,874 | 9,021 | 865 | 5,736 | 21,496 |
| At least 60 days but less than 90 days past due | 627 | 1,244 | - | 2,953 | 4,824 |
| At least 90 days past due | 14,210 | 12,413 | - | 9,567 | 36,190 |
| Total past due but not impaired | 33,854 | 37,025 | 1,419 | 36,369 | 108,667 |

(c) Individually impaired assets

| | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|--------------|----------|---------------|
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | | | | |
| Opening | 22,667 | 11,097 | - | - | 33,764 |
| Additions | 2,398 | 20,555 | - | - | 22,953 |
| Deletions | (23,788) | (15,030) | - | - | (38,818) |
| Write offs | (298) | (1,666) | - | - | (1,964) |
| Closing gross individually impaired assets | 979 | 14,956 | - | - | 15,935 |
| Less: provision for individually impaired assets | 938 | 4,173 | 124 | - | 5,235 |
| Total net impaired assets | 41 | 10,783 | (124) | - | 10,700 |

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

13 Asset quality (continued)

(d) Provision for impairment

| | Corporate | | Residential | All Other | Total |
|---|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Rural | Other | | | |
| | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 |
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | | | | |
| Provision for individually impaired assets | | | | | |
| Opening provision for individually impaired assets | 869 | 4,033 | - | - | 4,902 |
| Impairment loss for the period | | | | | |
| - charge for the period | 367 | 706 | 124 | - | 1,197 |
| - recoveries | - | 1,100 | - | - | 1,100 |
| - write offs | (298) | (1,666) | - | - | (1,964) |
| Closing provision for individually impaired assets | 938 | 4,173 | 124 | - | 5,235 |
| Provision for collectively impaired assets | | | | | |
| Opening provision for collectively impaired assets | 3,595 | 6,032 | 3,046 | 3,586 | 16,259 |
| Impairment loss for the period | | | | | |
| - charge / (credit) for the period | 363 | 983 | 443 | 3,906 | 5,695 |
| - recoveries | 23 | 88 | - | 18 | 129 |
| - write offs | (205) | (626) | - | (3,757) | (4,588) |
| Closing provision for collectively impaired assets | 3,776 | 6,477 | 3,489 | 3,753 | 17,495 |
| Total provision for impairment | 4,714 | 10,650 | 3,613 | 3,753 | 22,730 |

(e) Undrawn balances for individually impaired assets

As at 31 December 2016 there are no undrawn lending commitments to counterparties for whom drawn balances are classified as individually impaired (December 2015: nil; June 2016: nil).

(f) Other assets under administration

Other assets under administration are any loans, not being individually impaired or 90 days or more past due, where the customer is in any form of voluntary or involuntary administration, including receivership, liquidation, bankruptcy or statutory management. As at 31 December 2016, the banking group had \$1.31 million of assets under administration (December 2015: \$2.76 million; June 2016: \$3.02 million).

14 Liquidity risk

The banking group holds the following financial assets for the purpose of managing liquidity risk:

| | Unaudited Dec 2016 \$000 |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 69,655 |
| Investments | 287,228 |
| Undrawn committed bank facilities | 49,294 |
| Total liquidity | 406,177 |

Contractual liquidity profile of financial assets and liabilities

The following tables present the banking group's financial assets and liabilities by relevant maturity groupings based upon contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table represents undiscounted future principal and interest cash flows. As a result, the amounts in the table below may differ to the amounts reported in the Interim Statement of Financial Position.

The contractual cash flows presented below may differ significantly from actual cash flows. This occurs as a result of future actions by the banking group and its counterparties, such as early repayments or refinancing of term loans and borrowings. Deposits and other public borrowings include customer savings deposits and transactional accounts, which are at call. History demonstrates that such accounts provide a stable source of long term funding for the banking group.

The banking group does not manage its liquidity risk on a contractual liquidity basis.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

14 Liquidity risk (continued)

| | On Demand \$000 | 0-6 Months \$000 | 6-12 Months \$000 | 1-2 Years \$000 | 2-5 Years \$000 | 5+ Years \$000 | Total \$000 |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | | | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 69,655 | - | - | - | - | - | 69,655 |
| Investments | - | 20,424 | 69,696 | 57,534 | 167,088 | 11,291 | 326,033 |
| Finance receivables | - | 678,954 | 392,450 | 543,642 | 948,056 | 3,076,191 | 5,639,293 |
| Finance receivables - securitised | - | 97,488 | 76,302 | 104,940 | 81,205 | - | 359,935 |
| Derivative financial assets | - | 178 | - | - | - | - | 178 |
| Other financial assets | - | 5,030 | - | - | - | - | 5,030 |
| Total financial assets | 69,655 | 802,074 | 538,448 | 706,116 | 1,196,349 | 3,087,482 | 6,400,124 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 754,583 | 1,016,485 | 611,660 | 144,849 | 528,922 | - | 3,056,499 |
| Borrowings - securitised | - | 5,207 | 277,531 | - | - | - | 282,738 |
| Derivative financial liabilities | - | 2,860 | - | - | - | - | 2,860 |
| Other financial liabilities | - | 22,604 | - | - | - | - | 22,604 |
| Total financial liabilities | 754,583 | 1,047,156 | 889,191 | 144,849 | 528,922 | - | 3,364,701 |
| Net financial (liabilities) / assets | (684,928) | (245,082) | (350,743) | 561,267 | 667,427 | 3,087,482 | 3,035,423 |
| Unrecognised loan commitments | 99,061 | - | - | - | - | - | 99,061 |
| Undrawn committed bank facilities | 49,294 | - | - | - | - | - | 49,294 |

Undrawn committed bank facilities of \$49.3 million are available to be drawn down on demand via the ABCP Trust. To the extent drawn, \$49.3 million is contractually repayable in 6-12 months' time upon facility expiry.

15 Interest rate risk

Contractual repricing analysis

The interest rate risk profile of financial assets and liabilities that follows has been prepared on the basis of maturity or next repricing date, whichever is earlier.

| | 0-3 Months \$000 | 3-6 Months \$000 | 6-12 Months \$000 | 1-2 Years \$000 | 2+ Years \$000 | Non- interest bearing \$000 | Total \$000 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | | | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 69,573 | - | - | - | - | 82 | 69,655 |
| Investments | 77,675 | 4,753 | 50,670 | 28,001 | 126,129 | 11,291 | 298,519 |
| Finance receivables | 2,220,380 | 96,933 | 171,854 | 241,747 | 282,758 | 150 | 3,013,822 |
| Finance receivables - securitised | 44,501 | 40,151 | 66,878 | 94,010 | 75,438 | - | 320,978 |
| Derivative financial assets | 178 | - | - | - | - | - | 178 |
| Other financial assets | - | - | - | - | - | 5,030 | 5,030 |
| Total financial assets | 2,412,307 | 141,837 | 289,402 | 363,758 | 484,325 | 16,553 | 3,708,182 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 1,754,637 | 443,664 | 586,228 | 122,338 | 55,388 | 8,070 | 2,970,325 |
| Borrowings - securitised | 276,696 | - | - | - | - | - | 276,696 |
| Derivative financial liabilities | 2,860 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,860 |
| Other financial liabilities | - | - | - | - | - | 22,604 | 22,604 |
| Total financial liabilities | 2,034,193 | 443,664 | 586,228 | 122,338 | 55,388 | 30,674 | 3,272,485 |
| Effect of derivatives held for risk management | 257,453 | (34,151) | (59,946) | (87,716) | (75,640) | - | - |
| Net financial assets / (liabilities) | 635,567 | (335,978) | (356,772) | 153,704 | 353,297 | (14,121) | 435,697 |

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

16 Concentrations of funding

(a) Concentration of funding by industry

| | Unaudited Dec 2016 \$000 |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Finance | 879,735 |
| Other | 2,367,286 |
| Total borrowings | 3,247,021 |

(b) Concentration of funding by geographical area

| | |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| Auckland | 778,925 |
| Wellington | 300,497 |
| Rest of North Island | 565,465 |
| Canterbury | 866,223 |
| Rest of South Island | 226,980 |
| Overseas | 508,931 |
| Total borrowings | 3,247,021 |

Other Disclosures

17 Structured entities

(a) Heartland Cash and Term PIE Fund (Heartland PIE Fund)

The banking group controls the operations of Heartland PIE Fund which is a portfolio investment entity that invests in the bank's deposits. Investments of Heartland PIE Fund are represented as follows:

| | Unaudited Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited Jun 2016 \$000 |
|----------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Deposits | 90,078 | 71,698 | 80,527 |

(b) Heartland ABCP Trust 1 (ABCP Trust)

The banking group has securitised a pool of receivables comprising commercial and motor vehicle loans to the ABCP Trust.

The banking group continues to recognise the securitised assets and associated borrowings in the Interim Statement of Financial Position through the holding of subordinated debt of the ABCP Trust and the receipt of deferred purchase consideration from that trust. Whilst the bank has those interests in the ABCP Trust, the loans sold to the trust are set aside for the benefit of investors in the ABCP Trust and bank depositors have no recourse to these assets. The ABCP Trust's material assets and liabilities are represented as follows:

| | NOTE | Unaudited Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited Jun 2016 \$000 |
|--|------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents - securitised | | 9,699 | 9,991 | 15,208 |
| Finance receivables - securitised | 6 | 320,978 | 274,333 | 295,851 |
| Borrowings - securitised | 7 | (276,696) | (258,819) | (284,429) |
| Derivative financial assets - securitised | | - | 120 | - |
| Derivative financial liabilities - securitised | | (1,043) | (2,001) | (2,833) |

(c) Seniors Warehouse Trust (SW Trust) and ASF Settlement Trust (ASF Trust)

SW Trust and ASF Trust form part of ASF's reverse mortgage business and were set up by ASF as asset holding entities. The Trustee for both Trusts is ASF Custodians Pty Limited and the Trust Manager is ASF. The balances of SW Trust and ASF Trust are represented as follows:

| | Unaudited Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited Jun 2016 \$000 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3,315 | 5,837 | 2,503 |
| Finance receivables | 472,161 | 422,706 | 434,688 |
| Borrowings | (414,527) | (373,678) | (379,299) |
| Derivative financial liabilities | (1,309) | (2,754) | (2,083) |

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

18 Capital adequacy

The banking group is subject to regulation by the Reserve Bank of New Zealand (RBNZ). The RBNZ has set minimum regulatory capital requirements for banks that are consistent with the internationally agreed framework developed by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision. The resulting Basel II and III requirements define what is acceptable as capital and provide for methods of measuring the risks incurred by the banking group.

The bank's Conditions of Registration prescribe minimum capital adequacy ratios calculated in accordance with the Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach) BS2A.

The banking group has adopted the Basel II standardised approach per the RBNZ's BS2A to calculate its regulatory requirements. Basel II is made up of the following three Pillars:

- Pillar 1 sets out the minimum capital requirements for credit, market and operational and compliance risks.
- Pillar 2 is designed to ensure that banks have adequate capital to support all risks (not just those set out under Pillar 1 above) and is enforced through the requirement for supervisory review.
- Pillar 3 outlines the requirements for adequate and transparent disclosure.

Basel III was developed in order to strengthen the regulation, supervision and risk management of the banking sector. The measures aim to improve the banking sector's ability to absorb shocks arising from financial and economic stress; improve risk management and governance; and strengthen banks' transparency and disclosures. The requirements that impact capital are as follows:

- The level of capital required to be held by banks increased through the introduction of new minimum capital requirements for Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital, Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital and Total capital as a percentage of risk-weighted-assets (RWA's).
- A capital conservation buffer held over and above the minimum capital ratio requirements used to absorb losses during periods of financial and economic stress.
- A counter-cyclical capital buffer be held and to be used at the RBNZ's discretion, to assist in attaining the macro-prudential goal of protecting the banking sector from periods of extraordinary excess aggregate credit growth.
- Strengthen the calculation of RWAs, particularly in respect of counterparty credit risk.

The Basel III requirements have not effected the banking group's minimum capital requirements as the banking group's Conditions of Registration prescribe minimum capital requirements higher than the Basel III requirements.

The capital adequacy tables set out on the following pages summarise the composition of regulatory capital and the capital adequacy ratios for the banking group as at 31 December 2016.

Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP)

The banking group has an ICAAP which complies with the requirements set out in the "Guidelines on a Bank's Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP)" BS12 and is in accordance with its Conditions of Registration.

The Board has overall responsibility for ensuring the banking group has adequate capital in relation to its risk profile and establishes minimum internal capital levels and limits above the regulatory minimum. The banking group has established a Capital Management Policy (CMP) to determine minimum capital levels for Tier 1 and Total capital under Basel III and in accordance with its Conditions of Registration. The documented process ensures that the banking group has sufficient available capital to meet minimum capital requirements, even in stressed events. It describes the risk profile of the banking group and the risk appetite and tolerances under which it operates, and assesses the level of capital held against the material risks of the banking group (both Pillar 1 and Pillar 2).

The ICAAP identifies the additional capital required to be held against other material risks, being concentration risk, strategic / business risk, reputational risk, regulatory risk and model risk. See Note 18(l) for further details.

Compliance with minimum capital levels is monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee and reported to the Board monthly. The ICAAP and CMP is reviewed annually by the Board.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

18 Capital adequacy (continued)

(a) Capital ratios

| | Unaudited Dec 2016 \$000 |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Tier 1 capital | |
| Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital | |
| Paid-up ordinary shares issued by the bank plus related share premium | 448,044 |
| Retained earnings (net of appropriations) | 83,862 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income and other disclosed reserves | (1,809) |
| <i>Less deductions from CET1 capital</i> | |
| Intangible assets | (65,584) |
| Deferred tax assets | (7,334) |
| Hedging reserve | 970 |
| Defined benefit superannuation fund asset | (406) |
| Reverse residential mortgage loan greater than value of security | (112) |
| Total CET1 capital | 457,631 |
| Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital | |
| Nil | - |
| Total Tier 1 capital | 457,631 |
| Tier 2 capital | |
| Subordinated bond | 970 |
| Foreign currency translation reserve | (2,095) |
| Total Tier 2 capital | (1,125) |
| Total capital | 456,506 |

(b) Capital structure

The following details summarise each instrument included within Total Capital. None of these instruments are subject to phase-out from eligibility as capital under the RBNZ's Basel III transitional arrangements.

Ordinary shares

In accordance with BS2A, ordinary share capital is classified as CET1 capital. The ordinary shares have no par value. Each ordinary share of the bank carries the right to vote on a poll at meetings of shareholders, the right to an equal share in dividends authorised by the Board and the right to an equal share in the distribution of the surplus assets of the bank in the event of liquidation.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings is the accumulated profit or loss that has been retained in the banking group. Retained earnings is classified as CET1 capital.

Reserves classified as CET1 capital

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| <i>Treasury shares reserve</i> | The treasury shares reserve comprises shares in Heartland Bank Limited held by the bank. |
| <i>Employee benefits reserve</i> | The employee benefits reserve comprises employee share options which have been recognised as an expense but not yet been exercised and converted into ordinary shares. These are scheduled to vest on 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2019 depending on the employee share option plan the options relate to. |
| <i>Available for sale reserve</i> | The available for sale reserve comprises the changes in the fair value of available for sale securities, net of tax. These changes are recognised in profit or loss as other income when the asset is either derecognised or impaired. |
| <i>Defined benefit reserve</i> | The defined benefit plan reserve represents the excess of the fair value of the assets of the defined benefit superannuation plan over the net present value of the defined benefit obligations. |
| <i>Hedging reserve</i> | The hedging reserve comprises the fair value gains and losses associated with the effective portion of designated cash flow hedging instruments. |

Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve represents the differences in translation which arise when converting the financial statements of the Australian controlled entities from their functional currency into the presentational currency. It constitutes Tier 2 capital of the banking group.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

18 Capital adequacy (continued)

Subordinated bonds

Heartland's 2018 Subordinated Bonds (the bonds) constitute Tier 2 capital of the banking group. The bonds had an issue period from 12 July 2013 to 15 December 2013 and have a maturity date of 15 December 2018. The bonds pay quarterly interest in arrears at a rate of 6.5% per annum, provided the bank will be solvent immediately after the payment is made. The bank may elect to repay the bonds prior to 15 December 2018 if a regulatory event or tax event occurs and provided it will be solvent immediately after the repayment and the RBNZ has consented to the repayment. The bonds are subordinated to all other general liabilities of the banking group and are denominated in New Zealand dollars.

If the RBNZ or a Statutory Manager requires the bank to write down the principal amount and/or the interest on the bonds, the bonds will be written down and could be reduced to zero to comply with the RBNZ's loss absorbency requirements. The bank has not had any defaults of principal, interest or other breaches with respect to these bonds.

(c) Credit risk

(i) On-balance-sheet exposures

| | Total exposure after credit risk mitigation | Risk weight | Risk weighted exposure | Minimum Pillar 1 capital requirement |
|--|---|-------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | \$000 | % | \$000 | \$000 |
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | | | |
| Cash and gold bullion | 79 | 0% | - | - |
| Multilateral development banks | 59,747 | 0% | - | - |
| Multilateral development banks | 75,580 | 20% | 15,116 | 1,209 |
| Banks - Tier 1 | 129,789 | 20% | 25,958 | 2,077 |
| Banks - Tier 2 | 12,644 | 50% | 6,322 | 506 |
| Banks - Tier 3 | 23,725 | 50% | 11,863 | 949 |
| Public sector entity (AA- and above) | 49,242 | 20% | 9,848 | 788 |
| Public sector entity (A- and above) | 1,062 | 50% | 531 | 42 |
| Corporates (A- and above) | 5,015 | 50% | 2,508 | 201 |
| Welcome Home Loans - loan to value ratio (LVR) <= 90% ¹ | 2,731 | 35% | 956 | 76 |
| Welcome Home Loans - LVR 90% >= 100% ¹ | 1,826 | 35% | 639 | 51 |
| Welcome Home Loans - LVR > 100% ¹ | 1,599 | 50% | 800 | 64 |
| Reverse Residential mortgages <= 60% LVR | 820,055 | 50% | 410,028 | 32,802 |
| Reverse Residential mortgages 60 <= 80% LVR | 31,666 | 80% | 25,333 | 2,027 |
| Reverse Residential mortgages > 80% LVR | 4,543 | 100% | 4,543 | 363 |
| Past due residential mortgages | 2,508 | 100% | 2,508 | 201 |
| Other past due assets - provision 20%+ | 12,345 | 100% | 12,345 | 988 |
| Other past due assets - provision < 20% | 36,950 | 150% | 55,425 | 4,434 |
| Non Property Investment Mortgage Loan <=80% LVR | 39,099 | 35% | 13,685 | 1,095 |
| Non Property Investment Mortgage Loan 80 <= 90% LVR | 3,535 | 50% | 1,768 | 141 |
| Non Property Investment Mortgage Loan 90 <= 100% LVR | 3,831 | 75% | 2,873 | 230 |
| Non Property Investment Mortgage Loan > 100% LVR | 6,644 | 100% | 6,644 | 532 |
| Property Investment Mortgage Loan <= 80% LVR | 12,636 | 40% | 5,054 | 404 |
| Property Investment Mortgage Loan 80 <= 90% LVR | 745 | 70% | 522 | 42 |
| Property Investment Mortgage Loan < 100% LVR | 4,463 | 100% | 4,463 | 357 |
| All other equity holdings | 11,291 | 400% | 45,164 | 3,613 |
| Other assets | 2,393,473 | 100% | 2,393,473 | 191,478 |
| Not risk weighted assets | 73,324 | 0% | - | - |
| Total on balance sheet exposures | 3,820,147 | | 3,058,369 | 244,670 |

¹ The LVR classification above is calculated in line with the banking group's Pillar 1 Capital requirement which includes capital relief for Welcome Home loans that are guaranteed by the Crown.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

18 Capital adequacy (continued)

(c) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) Off-balance sheet exposures

| | Total exposure | Credit conversion factor | Credit equivalent amount | Average risk weight | Risk weighted exposure | Minimum Pillar 1 capital requirement |
|---|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 | % | \$000 | \$000 |
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | | | | | |
| Off balance sheet exposures | | | | | | |
| Direct credit substitute | 1,753 | 100% | 1,753 | 100% | 1,753 | 140 |
| Commitments with uncertain drawdown | 9,168 | 100% | 9,168 | 50% | 4,584 | 2,292 |
| Performance-related contingency | 8,814 | 50% | 4,407 | 100% | 4,407 | 353 |
| Other commitments where original maturity is more than one year | 112,113 | 50% | 56,057 | 100% | 56,057 | 4,485 |
| Other commitments where original maturity is less than or equal to one year | 98,600 | 20% | 19,720 | 100% | 19,720 | 1,578 |
| Market related contracts: ¹ | | | | | | |
| Interest rate contracts > 1 year | 284,670 | 0.5% | 1,423 | 20% | 285 | 23 |
| Interest rate contracts <= 1 year | 30,677 | 0.0% | - | 20% | - | - |
| Total off balance sheet exposures | 545,795 | | 92,528 | | 86,806 | 8,870 |

(d) Additional mortgage information - LVR range

| | On balance sheet exposures | Off balance sheet exposures ² | Total exposures |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|-----------------|
| | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 |
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | | |
| Does not exceed 80% | 903,458 | 10,044 | 913,502 |
| Exceeds 80% but not 90% | 13,134 | 6 | 13,140 |
| Exceeds 90% | 19,289 | 528 | 19,817 |
| Total exposures | 935,881 | 10,578 | 946,459 |

At 31 December 2016, \$3.4 million relating to Welcome Home loans, whose credit risk is mitigated by the Crown is included in "Exceeds 90%" above.

(e) Reconciliation of mortgage related amounts

| | NOTE | Unaudited Dec 2016 \$000 |
|---|-------|--------------------------|
| Loans and advances - loans with residential mortgages | 18(d) | 935,881 |
| On balance sheet residential mortgage exposures subject to the standardised approach | | 935,881 |
| Net residential receivables as reported in credit concentration note | 13(a) | 893,140 |
| Net non-residential receivables fully secured by residential property | | 42,741 |
| On balance sheet residential mortgage exposures subject to the standardised approach | | 935,881 |

(f) Credit risk mitigation

As at 31 December 2016 the banking group has \$6.2 million of Welcome Home Loans, whose credit risk is mitigated by the Crown. Other than this the banking group does not have any exposures covered by eligible collateral, guarantees and credit derivatives.

¹ The credit equivalent amount for market related contracts was calculated using the current exposure method.

² Off balance sheet exposures represent unutilised limits.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

18 Capital adequacy (continued)

(g) Operational risk

| | Implied risk weighted exposure | Total operational risk capital requirement |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | \$000 | \$000 |
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | |
| Operational risk | 201,976 | 16,158 |

(h) Market risk

| | Implied risk weighted exposure | Aggregate capital charge |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | \$000 | \$000 |
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | |
| Market risk end-of-period capital charge | Interest rate risk only | 115,127 |
| Market risk peak end-of-day capital charge | Interest rate risk only | 115,127 |
| Market risk end-of-period capital charge | Foreign currency risk only | 60,279 |
| Market risk peak end-of-day capital charge | Foreign currency risk only | 60,279 |

Peak end of day aggregate capital charge at the end of the period is derived by following the risk methodology for measuring capital requirements within Part 10 of the standardised approach. Peak end of day aggregate capital charge is derived by determining the maximum end of month capital charge over the reporting period. Based on the portfolio of the banking group's risk exposures, it is considered by management that the difference between end of month aggregate capital charge and end of day aggregate capital charge is insignificant.

(i) Total capital requirements

| | Total exposure after credit risk mitigation | Risk weighted exposure or implied risk weighted exposure | Total capital requirement |
|-----------------------------|---|--|---------------------------|
| | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 |
| Unaudited - Dec 2016 | | | |
| Total credit risk | | | |
| On balance sheet | 3,820,147 | 3,058,369 | 244,670 |
| Off balance sheet | 545,795 | 86,806 | 8,870 |
| Operational risk | | 201,976 | 16,158 |
| Market risk | | 175,406 | 14,032 |
| Total | 4,365,942 | 3,522,557 | 283,730 |

(j) Capital ratios

| | Unaudited Dec 2016 | Unaudited Dec 2015 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| | % | % |
| Capital ratios compared to minimum ratio requirements | | |
| Common Equity Tier 1 capital expressed as a percentage of total risk weighted exposures | 12.99% | 14.41% |
| Minimum Common Equity Tier 1 capital as per Conditions of Registration | 4.50% | 4.50% |
| Tier 1 capital expressed as a percentage of total risk weighted exposures | 12.99% | 14.41% |
| Minimum Tier 1 capital as per Conditions of Registration | 6.00% | 6.00% |
| Total capital expressed as a percentage of total risk weighted exposures | 12.96% | 14.46% |
| Minimum Total capital as per Conditions of Registration | 8.00% | 8.00% |
| Buffer ratio | 4.96% | 6.46% |
| Buffer ratio requirement | 2.50% | 2.50% |

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2016

18 Capital adequacy (continued)

(k) Solo capital adequacy

| | Unaudited Dec 2016 % | Unaudited Dec 2015 % |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Common Equity Tier 1 capital expressed as a percentage of total risk weighted exposures | 14.34% | 15.96% |
| Minimum Common Equity Tier 1 capital as per Conditions of Registration | 4.50% | 4.50% |
| Tier 1 capital expressed as a percentage of total risk weighted exposures | 14.34% | 15.96% |
| Minimum Tier 1 capital as per Conditions of Registration | 6.00% | 6.00% |
| Total capital expressed as a percentage of total risk weighted exposures | 14.34% | 16.01% |
| Minimum Total capital as per Conditions of Registration | 8.00% | 8.00% |

(l) Capital for other material risks

In addition to the material risks included in the calculation of the capital ratios, the banking group has identified other material risks to be included in the capital allocation (being concentration risk, strategic/ business risk, reputational risk, regulatory and model risk). As at 31 December 2016, the banking group has made an internal capital allocation of \$55.2 million (December 2015: \$60.3 million) to cover these risks.

19 Insurance business, securitisation, funds management and other fiduciary activities

Insurance business

The banking group conducts insurance business through its subsidiary MARAC Insurance.

The banking group's aggregate amount of insurance business comprises the total consolidated assets of MARAC Insurance of \$8.03 million, which is 0.21% of the total consolidated assets of the banking group.

The banking group's objective is to minimise the insurance risk to within acceptable levels through the policies and procedures implemented by management. Should adverse conditions arise, these policies and procedures are expected to mitigate the impact of the conditions on the banking group.

Marketing and distribution of insurance products

The banking group markets and distributes term life insurance and general insurance covering risks such as redundancy, bankruptcy or suspension of employment. The insurance products are either underwritten by MARAC Insurance, a subsidiary of the bank, or sold by MARAC Insurance on behalf of other parties who underwrite those products themselves. There have been no material changes in the banking group's marketing and distribution of insurance products since the reporting date of the previous disclosure statement.

Securitisation, funds management and other fiduciary activities

In July 2016, the Trust Manager of Heartland ABCP Trust 1 (ABCP Trust) changed from the bank to an external third party, AMAL New Zealand Limited. The residual beneficiary of ABCP Trust also changed from the bank to Heartland Trust. There have been no other material changes to the bank's involvement in securitisation activities, and no material changes to the bank's involvement in funds management and other fiduciary activities, in either case since the reporting date of the previous disclosure statement.

20 Contingent liabilities and commitments

| | Unaudited Dec 2016 \$000 | Unaudited Dec 2015 \$000 | Audited Jun 2016 \$000 |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Letters of credit, guarantee commitments and performance bonds | 10,567 | 13,124 | 12,873 |
| Total contingent liabilities | 10,567 | 13,124 | 12,873 |
| Undrawn facilities available to customers | 99,061 | 102,801 | 147,903 |
| Conditional commitments to fund at future dates | 120,820 | 118,621 | 114,855 |
| Total commitments | 219,881 | 221,422 | 262,758 |

21 Events after reporting date

There have been no material events after the reporting date that would affect the interpretation of the interim financial statements or the performance of the banking group.



Independent auditor's review report

To the shareholders of Heartland Bank Limited

Report on the half year disclosure statement of Heartland Bank Limited (the "bank") and its controlled entities (the "banking group")

Review conclusion

We have examined the interim financial statements and supplementary information on pages 10 to 32 and based on our review nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that:

- i. the interim financial statements (excluding the supplementary information disclosed in accordance with schedules 3, 5, 7, 9, 13, 16 and 18 of the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (New Zealand Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended) (the "Order")) do not comply with NZ IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* and do not give a true and fair view of the financial position of the banking group as at 31 December 2016, and its financial performance and cash flows for the six month period ended on that date;
- ii. the supplementary information (excluding supplementary information relating to capital adequacy) disclosed in accordance with schedules 3, 5, 7, 13, 16 and 18 of the Order, does not give a true and fair view of the matters to which it relates in accordance with those schedules; and
- iii. the supplementary information relating to capital adequacy disclosed in accordance with schedule 9 of the Order, is not, in all material respects prepared in accordance with bank's conditions of registration and disclosed in accordance with schedule 9 of the Order.

Our review was completed on 21 February 2017 and our opinion is expressed as at that date.

We have reviewed the half year disclosure statement which comprises:

- the interim financial statements prepared and disclosed in accordance with the Order, formed of:
 - the interim statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016;
 - the interim statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows for the six month period then ended; and
 - notes to the interim financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- the supplementary information prescribed in schedules 3, 5, 7, 9, 13, 16 and 18 of the Order.



Basis for Conclusion

We have performed our review in accordance with the New Zealand Standard on Review Engagements 2410, *Review of Financial Statements Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* ("NZ SRE 2410") issued by the External Reporting Board. As the auditor of the bank, NZ SRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual disclosure statement.



A review is limited primarily to enquiries of the bank's personnel and analytical review procedures applied to the financial data, and thus provides less assurance than an audit. The procedures performed in a review are substantially less than those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand). Accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the half year disclosure statement.

Our firm has also provided other services to the banking group in relation to other assurance services, general accounting services and advisory services. Subject to certain restrictions, partners and employees of our firm may also deal with the banking group on normal terms within the ordinary course of trading activities of the business of the banking group. These matters have not impaired our independence as auditor of the banking group for this engagement. The firm has no other relationship with, or interest in, the banking group.



Use of this Review Report

This report is made solely to the shareholders as a body. Our review work has been undertaken so that we might state to the shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in the independent auditor's review report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the shareholders as a body for our review work, this report, or any of the conclusions we have formed.



Responsibilities of Directors for the bank and banking group half year disclosure statement

The Directors, on behalf of the company and group, are responsible for:

- the preparation and fair presentation of the half year disclosure statement, which includes interim financial statements prepared in accordance with Clause 25 of the Order and NZ IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*, which gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the bank as at 31 December 2016 and its financial performance and cash flows for the six-month period ended on that date.
- implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a half year disclosure statement that is fairly presented and free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- the preparation of supplementary information in the half year disclosure statement which fairly states the matters to which it relates in accordance with schedules 3, 5, 7, 9, 13, 16 and 18 of the Order.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the review of the bank and banking group half year disclosure statement

Our responsibility is to express an independent review opinion on the half year disclosure statement, which includes interim financial statements disclosed in accordance with Clause 25 of the Order, and supplementary information disclosed in accordance with schedules 3, 5, 7, 9, 13, 16 and 18 of the Order, as presented to us by the Directors, and report our conclusions to you.

We are responsible for reviewing the interim financial statements (excluding the supplementary information) in order to report to you whether, on the basis of the procedures described above, anything has come to our attention that would cause us to believe that the interim financial statements do not comply with NZ IAS 34



Interim Financial Reporting or do not give a true and fair view of the financial position of the bank as at 31 December 2016 and its financial performance and cash flows for the six-month period ended on that date.

We are responsible for reviewing the supplementary information (excluding the supplementary information relating to capital adequacy) in order to report to you whether, on the basis of the procedures described above, anything has come to our attention that would cause us to believe that the supplementary information does not give a true and fair view of the matters to which it relates in accordance with schedules 3, 5, 7, 13, 16 and 18 of the Order.

We are responsible for reviewing the supplementary information relating to capital adequacy in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described above, anything has come to our attention that would cause us to believe that the information disclosed in accordance with schedule 9 is not, in all material respects, prepared in accordance with the bank's conditions of registration and disclosed in accordance with schedule 9 of the Order.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the bank and banking group half year disclosure statement.

KPMG

KPMG
Auckland

21 February 2017